

Polyhedral Computation, Spring 2016

Assignment 1*

February 24, 2016

Problem 1 (Rational Numbers): For any two rational numbers r and s , show that

- $\text{size}(r \times s) \leq \text{size}(r) + \text{size}(s)$
- $\text{size}(r + s) \leq 2 (\text{size}(r) + \text{size}(s))$

Problem 2 (Matrix Size): To complete the proof of Theorem 2.4, derive $\text{size}(\hat{a}_{rs}) < 8\Delta$ when $r \leq k$.

Problem 3 (Euclidean Algorithm):

- Explain why the Euclidean algorithm is correct.
- Analyze the time complexity of the algorithm.

Problem 4 (Hermite Normal Form): Consider the integral matrix:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 6 & -6 & -6 \\ 6 & -3 & -9 & -3 \\ 4 & -3 & 9 & -3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- Compute the Hermite normal form $[B, 0]$ of the matrix A by hand.
- Solve the diophantine equation systems $Ax = b$ and $Ax = b'$ with $x \in \mathbb{Z}^4$ where

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 12 \\ 18 \end{pmatrix}, \quad b' = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

If a system has no solution, find a certificate of infeasibility.

*Please hand in your solution to May Szedlák CAB G19.2 (may.szedlak@inf.ethz.ch) no later than **Tuesday, March 9, 2016, 15:00**.

- (c) Compute the transformation matrix T such that $AT = [B, 0]$ either by hand or any symbolic mathematics system (such as maple or mathematica).
- (d) Find the general solution to any of the feasible systems in (b).

Problem 5 (Lattice Basis): Let $A \in \mathbb{Q}^{m \times n}$ be a rational matrix of full row rank, let B be a basis of the lattice $L(A)$ and let B' be a nonsingular $m \times m$ matrix whose column vectors are points in $L(A)$. Show that

- $|\det(B)| \leq |\det(B')|$.
- B' is a basis of $L(A)$ if and only if $|\det(B)| = |\det(B')|$.